RF360 Europe GmbH
A Qualcomm - TDK Joint Venture


## SAW components

## SAW duplexer

LTE band 1

Series/type: ..... B8651
Ordering code: ..... B39212B8651P810
Date: May 31, 2016
Version: ..... 2.5

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## SAW components

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## SAW duplexer

1950 / 2140 MHz

## Data sheet

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## SAW duplexer

1950 / 2140 MHz

## Data sheet

## 1 Application

- Low-loss SAW duplexer for mobile telephone LTE Band 1 systems, also suitable for CDMA applications
■ Usable pass bands 60 MHz
■ Low insertion attenuation
■ Low amplitude ripple
■ Terminating impedances $50 \Omega$
■ External matching only needed at ANT port


## 2 Features

■ Package size $1.8 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1.4 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$
■ Package height 0.475 mm (max.)
■ Approximate weight 3 mg

- RoHS compatible

■ Package for Surface Mount Technology (SMT)
■ Ni/Au-plated terminals

- Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)

■ Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (MSL3)


Figure 1: Picture of component with example of product marking.

## Data sheet

## 3 Package



SIDE VIEW


1) Marking for pad number 1
2) Example of encoded lot number
3) Example of encoded filter type number


Landing pad tolerance -0.02
Figure 2: Drawing of package with package height $A=0.475 \mathrm{~mm}$ (max.). See Sec. Package information (p.25).

Pad and pitch tolerance $\pm 0.05$

## 4 Pin configuration

| $\square 1$ | RX |
| :--- | :--- |
| ■ 3 | TX |
| ■ 6 | ANT |
| $-2,4,5,7$, | Ground |
| 8 |  |

## Data sheet

## 5 Matching circuit

- $L_{\mathrm{p} 6}=3.1 \mathrm{nH}$


Figure 3: Schematic of matching circuit.

## Data sheet

## 6 Characteristics

### 6.1 TX - ANT

Temperature range for specification
TX terminating impedance
ANT terminating impedance
RX terminating impedance

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
T_{\text {SPEC }} & =-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
Z_{\mathrm{TX}} & =50 \Omega \\
Z_{\text {ANT }} & =50 \Omega \text { with par. } 3.1 \mathrm{nH}^{1)} \\
Z_{\mathrm{RX}} & =50 \Omega
\end{array}
$$

| Characteristics TX - ANT |  |  |  | $\min _{\text {for } T_{\text {SPEC }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { typ. } \\ @+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\max _{\text {for } T_{\mathrm{SPEC}}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Center frequency |  |  | $f_{c}$ | - | 1950 | - | MHz |
| Maximum insertion attenuation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1920.59... 1979.41 | MHz | $\alpha_{\text {max }}$ | - | 1.9 | 2.3 | dB |
|  | $@ f_{\text {carrier }} 1922.4 \ldots 1977.6$ | MHz | $\alpha_{\text {wCDMA,max }}{ }^{2 \prime}$ | - | 1.8 | 2.3 | dB |
| Amplitude ripple (p-p) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1920.59... 1979.41 | MHz | $\Delta \alpha^{3}$ | - | 0.5 | 0.8 | dB |
|  | 1920.59... 1979.41 | MHz | $\Delta \alpha^{4}$ | - | 1.0 | 2.0 | dB |
| Maximum VSWR $\mathrm{VSWR}_{\text {max }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| @ TX port | 1920.59... 1979.41 | MHz |  | - | 1.5 | 2.0 |  |
| @ ANT port | 1920.59... 1979.41 | MHz |  | - | 1.4 | 2.0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - | 1.5 | 2.5 | \% |
| Minimum attenuation |  |  | $\alpha_{\text {min }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10... 1574 | MHz |  | 30 | 41 | - | dB |
|  | 420... 494 | MHz |  | 44 | 54 | - | dB |
|  | 843... 894 | MHz |  | 38 | 44 | - | dB |
|  | 920... 960 | MHz |  | 39 | 44 | - | dB |
|  | 1226... 1250 | MHz |  | 36 | 41 | - | dB |
|  | 1470... 1496 | MHz |  | 35 | 41 | - | dB |
|  | 1496... 1511 | MHz |  | 35 | 41 | - | dB |
|  | 1559... 1563 | MHz |  | 36 | 42 | - | dB |
|  | 1565.42... 1573.374 | MHz |  | 36 | 42 | - | dB |
|  | 1573.374... 1577.466 | MHz |  | 36 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 1577.466... 1585.42 | MHz |  | 36 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 1597.551... 1605.886 | MHz |  | 36 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 1605.886... 1805 | MHz |  | 30 | 38 | - | dB |
|  | 1805... 1865 | MHz |  | 20 | 29 | - | dB |
|  | 1865... 1880 | MHz |  | 10 | 23 | - | dB |
|  | 2010... 2025 | MHz |  | $13^{6}$ | 27 | - | dB |
|  | 2110... 2170 | MHz |  | 36 | 44 | - | dB |
|  | 2400... 2500 | MHz |  | 27 | 37 | - | dB |
|  | 2620... 2690 | MHz |  | 15 | 33 | - | dB |
|  | 3830... 3960 | MHz |  | 14 | 22 | - | dB |

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| Characteristics TX - ANT |  | min. <br> for $T_{\text {SPEC }}$ | typ. <br> $@+25$${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | max. <br> for $T_{\text {SPEC }}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4900 \ldots 5950$ | MHz | 6 | 12 | - | dB |
|  | $4905 \ldots 5840$ | MHz | 6 | 12 | - | dB |

${ }^{1)}$ See Sec. Matching circuit (p. 5).
2) Attenuation of WCDMA signal ("power transfer function"). Please refer to definition of Power Transfer Function (PTF) of WCDMA signal (p. 24).
3) Over any 5 MHz .
4) Over any 20 MHz .
5) Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) based on definition given in 3GPP TS 25.141.
${ }^{6)}$ Valid for temperature $T_{\text {SPEC }}=+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## SAW duplexer

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## Data sheet

### 6.2 ANT - RX

Temperature range for specification TX terminating impedance ANT terminating impedance
RX terminating impedance

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
T_{\mathrm{SPEC}} & =-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
Z_{\mathrm{TX}} & =50 \Omega \\
Z_{\mathrm{ANT}} & =50 \Omega \text { with par. } 3.1 \mathrm{nH}^{1)} \\
Z_{\mathrm{RX}} & =50 \Omega
\end{array}
$$

| Characteristics ANT - RX |  |  |  | min. for $T_{\text {spec }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { typ. } \\ @+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | max. for $T_{\text {spec }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Center frequency |  |  | $f_{\mathrm{c}}$ | - | 2140 | - | MHz |
| Maximum insertion attenuation |  |  | $\alpha_{\text {max }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2110.59... 2169.41 | MHz |  | - | 1.9 | 2.4 | dB |
| Amplitude ripple (p-p) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2110.59... 2169.41 | MHz | $\Delta \alpha^{2}$ | - | 0.4 | 0.7 | dB |
|  | 2110.59... 2169.41 | MHz | $\Delta a^{3}$ | - | 0.5 | 1.5 | dB |
| Maximum VSWR $\mathrm{VSWR}_{\text {max }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| @ ANT port | 2110.59... 2169.41 | MHz |  | - | 1.5 | 2.0 |  |
| @ RX port | 2110.59... 2169.41 | MHz |  | - | 1.7 | 2.0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - | 1.2 | 2.5 | \% |
| Minimum attenuation |  |  | $\alpha_{\text {min }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 90... 1920 | MHz |  | 32 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 190 | MHz |  | 50 | 77 | - | dB |
|  | 718... 748 | MHz |  | 40 | 55 | - | dB |
|  | 814... 849 | MHz |  | 40 | 53 | - | dB |
|  | 880... 910 | MHz |  | 40 | 52 | - | dB |
|  | 1427... 1447 | MHz |  | 40 | 46 | - | dB |
|  | 1447... 1463 | MHz |  | 39 | 45 | - | dB |
|  | 1710... 1780 | MHz |  | 32 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 1730... 1790 | MHz |  | 30 | 43 | - | dB |
|  | 1920... 1980 | MHz |  | 36 | 54 | - | dB |
|  | 1980... 2010 | MHz |  | 25 | 40 | - | dB |
|  | 2010... 2050 | MHz |  | 28 | 34 | - | dB |
|  | 2050... 2070 | MHz |  | 18 | 27 | - | dB |
|  | 2400... 2500 | MHz |  | 25 | 40 | - | dB |
|  | 2500... 2570 | MHz |  | 32 | 42 | - | dB |
|  | 4030... 4150 | MHz |  | 34 | 46 | - | dB |
|  | 4220... 4340 | MHz |  | 29 | 41 | - | dB |
|  | 4900... 5950 | MHz |  | 28 | 38 | - | dB |

[^0]
## SAW duplexer

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## Data sheet

### 6.3 TX - RX

Temperature range for specification TX terminating impedance ANT terminating impedance
RX terminating impedance

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
T_{\text {SPEC }} & =-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
Z_{\mathrm{TX}} & =50 \Omega \\
Z_{\mathrm{ANT}} & =50 \Omega \text { with par. } 3.1 \mathrm{nH}^{1)} \\
Z_{\mathrm{RX}} & =50 \Omega
\end{array}
$$



[^1]
## SAW duplexer

## Data sheet

### 6.4 Linearity

Temperature range for specification TX terminating impedance ANT terminating impedance $R X$ terminating impedance

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
T_{\text {SPEC }} & =-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
Z_{\text {TX }} & =50 \Omega \\
Z_{\text {ANT }} & =50 \Omega \text { with par. } 3.1 \mathrm{nH}^{1)} \\
Z_{\mathrm{RX}} & =50 \Omega
\end{array}
$$

| Characteristics linearity |  |  | $\min _{\text {for } T_{\text {SPEC }}}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { typ. } \\ @+25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\max _{\text {for } T_{\text {SPEC }}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IMD product levels ${ }^{\text {2), 3) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IMD2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blocker 1 | 190 | MHz | - | -117 | - | dBm |
| Blocker 3 | 4030... 4150 | MHz | - | -102 | - | dBm |
| IMD3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SVLTE | 1575 | MHz | - | -85 | - | dBm |
| Blocker 2 | 1730... 1790 | MHz | - | -113 | - | dBm |
| SVLTE | 2145 | MHz | - | -75 | - | dBm |
| Blocker 4 | 5950... 6130 | MHz | - | -118 | - | dBm |

[^2]
## Data sheet

## 7 Maximum ratings

| Storage temperature | $T_{\text {STG }}{ }^{1)}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC voltage | $V_{D C}{ }^{2)}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ (max.) |  |
| ESD voltage |  |  |
|  | $V_{\text {ESD }}{ }^{3}{ }^{3}=125 \mathrm{~V}$ (max. $)$ | Machine model. |
|  | $\left.V_{\text {ESD }}{ }^{4}\right)=150 \mathrm{~V}$ (max. $)$ | Human body model. |
|  | $V_{\text {ESD }}{ }^{5}$ ) $=600 \mathrm{~V}$ (max.) | Charged device model. |
| Input power | $P_{\text {IN }}$ |  |
| @ TX port: 1920 ... 1980 MHz | 29 dBm | Continuous wave for 5000 h @ $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| @ TX port: other frequency range(s) | 10 dBm | Continuous wave for 5000 h @ $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |

${ }^{1)}$ Extended upper limit: $168 \mathrm{~h} @ 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ acc. to IEC 60 Bb068-2-2.
${ }^{2)}$ 168h Damp Heat Steady State acc. to IEC600682-67 Cy.
${ }^{3)}$ According to JESD22-A115B (MM - Machine Model), 10 negative \& 10 positive pulses.
${ }^{4)}$ According to JESD22-A114F (HBM - Human Body Model), 1 negative \& 1 positive pulse.
${ }^{5)}$ According to JESD22-C101C (CDM - Field Induced Charged Device Model), 3 negative \& 3 positive pulses.

## Data sheet

## 8 Transmission coefficients



Figure 4: Attenuation TX - ANT.

Data sheet


Figure 5: Attenuation ANT - RX.

## Data sheet



Figure 6: Isolation TX - RX.

## Data sheet

## 9 Reflection coefficients




Figure 7: Reflection coefficient at TX port.


Figure 8: Reflection coefficient at ANT port (TX and RX frequencies).


Figure 9: Reflection coefficient at RX port.

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## Data sheet

## 10 EVMs

10.1 TX - ANT


Figure 10: Error vector magnitude TX - ANT.

## Data sheet

10.2 ANT - RX


Figure 11: Error vector magnitude ANT - RX.

## Data sheet

## 11 Packing material

### 11.1 Tape

Section Y-Y


User direction of unreeling
Figure 12: Drawing of tape (first-angle projection) with tape dimensions according to Table 1.

| $A_{0}$ | $1.62_{ \pm 0.05} \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $B_{0}$ | $2.04_{ \pm 0.05} \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $D_{0}$ | $1.5_{ \pm 0.05} \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $D_{1}$ | $0.8_{ \pm 0.05} \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $E_{1}$ | $1.75_{ \pm 0.1} \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| $E_{2}$ | 6.25 mm (min.) |
| ---: | :--- |
| $F$ | $3.5 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $G$ | 0.75 mm (min.) |
| $K_{0}$ | $0.62 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $P_{0}$ | $4.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ | $4.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $2.0 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| T | $0.25 \pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| W | $8.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Table 1: Tape dimensions.

### 11.2 Reel with diameter of 180 mm



Figure 13: Drawing of reel (first-angle projection) with diameter of 180 mm .

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Figure 14: Drawing of moisture barrier bag (MBB) for reel with diameter of 180 mm .


Figure 15: Drawing of folding box for reel with diameter of 180 mm .

## Data sheet

### 11.3 Reel with diameter of $\mathbf{3 3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$



Figure 16: Drawing of reel (first-angle projection) with diameter of 330 mm .


Figure 17: Drawing of moisture barrier bag (MBB) for reel with diameter of 330 mm .

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Figure 18: Drawing of folding box for reel with diameter of 330 mm .

## 12 Marking

Products are marked with product type number and lot number encoded according to Table 2:

- Type number:

The 4 digit type number of the ordering code, is encoded by a special BASE32 code into a 3 digit marking.
Example of decoding type number marking on device

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16 \mathrm{~J} \\
& 1 \times 32^{2}+6 \times 32^{1}+18(=\mathrm{J}) \times 32^{0} \quad=
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
= & 1234 \\
= & 1234
\end{array}
$$

$$
=\quad 1234
$$

The BASE32 code for product type B8651 is 8EB.

## - Lot number:

The last 5 digits of the lot number,

> e.g.,

12345, are encoded based on a special BASE47 code into a 3 digit marking.
Example of decoding lot number marking on device

| 5 UY | $=>$ | 12345 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5 \times 47^{2}+27(=\mathrm{U}) \times 47^{1}+31(=\mathrm{Y}) \times 47^{0}$ | $=$ | 12345 |

## Data sheet

| Adopted BASE32 code for type number |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decimal <br> value | Base32 <br> code | Decimal <br> value | Base32 <br> code |
| 0 | 0 | 16 | G |
| 1 | 1 | 17 | H |
| 2 | 2 | 18 | J |
| 3 | 3 | 19 | K |
| 4 | 4 | 20 | M |
| 5 | 5 | 21 | N |
| 6 | 6 | 22 | P |
| 7 | 7 | 23 | Q |
| 8 | 8 | 24 | R |
| 9 | 9 | 25 | S |
| 10 | A | 26 | T |
| 11 | B | 27 | V |
| 12 | C | 28 | W |
| 13 | D | 29 | X |
| 14 | E | 30 | Y |
| 15 | F | 31 | Z |


| Adopted BASE47 code for lot number |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decimal <br> value | Base47 <br> code | Decimal <br> value | Base47 <br> code |
| 0 | 0 | 24 | R |
| 1 | 1 | 25 | S |
| 2 | 2 | 26 | T |
| 3 | 3 | 27 | U |
| 4 | 4 | 28 | V |
| 5 | 5 | 29 | W |
| 6 | 6 | 30 | X |
| 7 | 7 | 31 | Y |
| 8 | 8 | 32 | Z |
| 9 | 9 | 33 | b |
| 10 | A | 34 | d |
| 11 | B | 35 | f |
| 12 | C | 36 | h |
| 13 | D | 37 | n |
| 14 | E | 38 | r |
| 15 | F | 39 | t |
| 16 | G | 40 | V |
| 17 | H | 41 | l |
| 18 | J | 42 | $?$ |
| 19 | K | 43 | \{ |
| 20 | L | 44 | $\}$ |
| 21 | M | 45 | $<$ |
| 22 | N | 46 | $>$ |
| 23 | P |  |  |

Table 2: Lists for encoding and decoding of marking.

## Data sheet

## 13 Soldering profile

The recommended soldering process is in accordance with IEC 60068-2-58 - $3^{\text {rd }}$ edit and IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B.

| ramp rate | $\leq 3 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| preheat | $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 150 \mathrm{~s}$ to $210 \mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{s}$ to $1.0 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| $T>220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 30 s to 70 s |
| $T>230{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\min .10 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $T>245{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\max .20 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $T \geq 255{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - |
| peak temperature $T_{\text {peak }}$ | $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+0 /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| wetting temperature $T_{\text {min }}$ | $230^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+5 /-0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $10 \mathrm{~s} \pm 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| cooling rate | $\leq 3 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| soldering temperature $T$ | measured at solder pads |

Table 3: Characteristics of recommended soldering profile for lead-free solder (Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7).


Figure 19: Recommended reflow profile for convection and infrared soldering - lead-free solder.

## Data sheet

## 14 Annotations

### 14.1 Matching coils

See TDK inductor pdf-catalog http://www.tdk.co.jp/tefe02/coil.htm\#aname1 and Data Library for circuit simulation http://www.tdk.co.jp/etvcl/index.htm.

### 14.2 Power Transfer Function (PTF) of WCDMA signal

Attenuation of WCDMA signal, $\alpha_{\text {wCDMA }}$, is defined by

$$
\alpha_{\text {WCDMA }}\left(f_{\text {carrier }}\right)=10 \log _{10}\left|\frac{1}{\operatorname{PTF}\left(f_{\text {carrier }}\right)}\right| \mathrm{dB}
$$

and

$$
\operatorname{PTF}\left(f_{\text {carrier }}\right)=\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mid S_{21}(f) H_{\mathrm{RRC}}\left(f-f_{\text {carrier }}\right)^{2} \mathrm{~d} f
$$

with $f_{\text {carrier }}$ according to 3GPP TS 25.101 (e.g., for the WCDMA B8 pass band, $f_{\text {carrier }}$ ranges from 882.4 MHz to 912.6 MHz which correspond to the lowest and highest TX channels, respectively). $H_{\text {RRC }}(f)$ is the transfer function of the root-raised cosine transmit pulse shaping filter according to 3GPP TS 25.101 using the normalization

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty}\left|H_{\mathrm{RRC}}(f)\right|^{2} \mathrm{~d} f=1
$$

### 14.3 RoHS compatibility

ROHS-compatible means that products are compatible with the requirements according to Art. 4 (substance restrictions) of Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of June 8th, 2011, on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment ("Directive") with due regard to the application of exemptions as per Annex III of the Directive in certain cases.

### 14.4 Scattering parameters (S-parameters)

The pin/port assignment is available in the headers of the S-parameter files. Please contact your local EPCOS sales office.

### 14.5 Ordering codes and packing units

| Ordering code | Packing unit |
| :--- | :--- |
| B39212B8651P810 | 15000 pcs |
| B39212B8651P810S 5 | 5000 pcs |

Table 4: Ordering codes and packing units.

## Data sheet

## 15 Cautions and warnings

### 15.1 Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.

### 15.2 Material information

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the type in question please also contact one of our sales offices.

### 15.3 Moldability

Before using in overmolding environment, please contact your local EPCOS sales office.

### 15.4 Package information

## Landing area

The printed circuit board (PCB) land pattern (landing area) shown is based on EPCOS internal development and empirical data and illustrated for example purposes, only. As customers' SMD assembly processes may have a plenty of variants and influence factors which are not under control or knowledge of EPCOS, additional careful process development on customer side is necessary and strongly recommended in order to achieve best soldering results tailored to the particular customer needs.

## Dimensions

Unless otherwise specified all dimensions are understood using unit millimeter (mm).

## Projection method

Unless otherwise specified first-angle projection is applied.

## Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ (2) See Sec. Matching circuit (p. 5).
    Over any 5 MHz .
    3) Over any 20 MHz .
    4) Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) based on definition given in 3GPP TS 25.141.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1)}$ See Sec. Matching circuit (p. 5).
    2) Attenuation of WCDMA signal ("power transfer function"). Please refer to definition of Power Transfer Function (PTF) of WCDMA signal (p. 24).

[^2]:    ${ }^{1)} \quad$ See Sec. Matching circuit (p. 5).
    2) @ $\mathrm{fTX}=1920 \ldots 1980 \mathrm{MHz}$, fRX = Blocker $1 \ldots . .4$, IMD product levels for power levels PTX $=+21.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ (ANT port output power) and Pblocker $=-15 \mathrm{dBm}$ (ANT port input power).
    3) @ $\mathrm{fTX}=1955 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{fANT}=1765$, IMD product levels for power levels PTX $=+24.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ (ANT port output power) and Pblocker $=+14 \mathrm{dBm}$ (ANT port input power).

